

Received  
Washington State Supreme Court

NOV - 9 2015

E *CR*  
Ronald R. Carpenter  
Clerk

THE SUPREME COURT  
OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

In re Marriage of:

TINA M. CASE, nka Mendoza,  
Respondent.

v.

RICHARD A. CASE,  
Appellant

APPELLANT'S REPLY TO  
RESPONDENT'S ANSWER(S)  
[RAP 13.4(d)]

Cat no. 71605-1-1

Appellant RICHARD CASE, pro se hereby submits this REPLY under RAP 13.4(d) in rebuttal to Respondent's Answers made to appellant's Motion to Waive Filing Fee, Motion for Ext of Tim. and Petition for Review.

A. MOTION TO WAIVE FILING FEE

Respondent continues to argue that Mr Case is not indigent. Respondent's position remains as mere conjecture & speculation as Respondent has not yet produced any evidence to prove that Mr. Case is not indigent.

On the hand, it remains undisputed that Mr. Case has been incarcerated since Jan 18, 2003. Mr. Case has submitted financial statements sworn under penalty of perjury that he has no possession, nor access to assets, property or funds that would elevate him above indigent/poverty status.

If the Court determines that there is a question concerning the indigency of Mr Case, then the Court should follow *Givens v. Marine Bancorporation*, 83 Wn 2d 163 (1973) & *State v. Ashbaugh*, 80 Wn 2d 432 (1978) and remand this matter back to the trial court to determine indigency. See RAP 15.2(f)

However, when an indigency hearing is held, Mr Case would still be unable to appear & participate. Because Mr Case is indigent he is unable to confirm the indigency hearing as required per Snohomish County Superior Court Local Rule (SCLR 7 (9)(A))

The proper resolution as argued by Mr Case is that this honorable Court exercise its inherent authority and waive the filing fee and proceed on the merits of Mr Case's timely petition for review. (See *Givens v. Bancorporation*, supra following the principles set forth in *O'Connor v. Matzdorff*, 76 Wn 2d 589 (1969)).

### B. MOTION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME

The extension of time needed by Mr Case to file a petition for review is now moot.

On August 4, 2015 this Honorable Court stated, in relevant part that it had received Mr Case's motion for extension of time on Aug 3, 2015 and that by September 3, 2015 Mr Case " -- is directed to file in this Court a proposed petition for review --" (Please see record)

Thus, the ext. of time issue is moot. The Court subsequently set a new due date of Sept. 3, 2015 for upon which Mr Case to file his petition for review. On Sept. 2, 2015 Mr Case mailed his petition for review from prison rendering it timely filed under General Rule 3.1(a).

Mr Case's petition for review is timely, properly before this Court, and an extension of time is no longer needed.

#### C. PETITION FOR REVIEW

This entire matter hinges on Mr Case's claim that he was not actually in default in 2001, and the default judgment awarding Mrs Case-Rowley "\$70,000." in child support is invalid as a matter of fact & law.

Mr Case's claim was to be heard in the trial court on March 4, 2015 on the Superior Court's own order to show cause. (See attached as Exhibit-A)

The trial court struck its own order to hold a show cause hearing because Mr Case is unable to strictly comply with the confirmation requirement in local rule SCler-7(9)(A). (Please see trial court record sub #133)

This current appeal process is premature until Mr Case's best & strongest claim for relief is properly heard and determined in the trial court first. (See copy of motion to vacate attached as Exhibit -B)

Mr Case has asked this Court to accept review on issues that if relief requested is granted should provide Mr Case the opportunity to have his best & strongest claim for relief heard in the trial court.

Underlying this matter is the dispositive issue as to whether or not the default judgment entered in 2001 is invalid?

"This court has long favored resolution of cases on their merits over default judgments. Thus, we will liberally set aside default judgments pursuant to CR 55(c) and CR 60 and for equitable reasons in the interests of fairness and justice." *Morin v. Burris*, 160 Wn2d 745 (2007).

Moreover, if default judgment is rendered against a party who was not actually in default, the judgment will be set aside as a matter of right. See *Duryea v. Wilson*, 135 Wn App 233 (2006), and *Tiffin v. Hendricks*, 44 Wn2d 837, 847 (1954).

Mr Case raised the following 5 grounds for relief under CR 60(b) in the trial court:

GROUND 1 - Mr Case was not in default in the first place because the 2001 court failed to make a sufficient record as required under *Bernet v. Spokane Co. Ambulance*, 131 Wn2d 484 (1997) to support entry of default order/judgment against Mr C as a discovery sanction. Pursuant to *Marina Carlo Homeowners Assn. v. Stratford*, 161 WnApp 249 (2011) & *Divers v. Wash. State Conference of Mason Contractors*, 145 Wn2d 674 (2002) the 2001 default order/judgment is invalid and must be vacated as void under CR 60(b)(5). Mr C is entitled to have the 2001 default order/judgment vacated as a matter of right. See *Duryea v Wilson*, 135 WnApp 233 (2006).

GROUND 2 - Mr C was not in default in the first place. The default judgment entered after striking Mr C's answer as punishment for his alleged contempt in refusing to obey an order of the court is void under CR 60(b)(5) & *Lawson v. Black Diamond Coal Mining Co.*, 44 Wash. 26 (1906) for want of due process of law. Accord, *Mitchell v. Watson*, 58 Wn2d 266 (1961) & *Snediger v. Henderson*, 53 WnApp 476 (1989). (Sectiga I) Mr C is entitled to have the 2001 default order/judgment vacated as a matter of right. See *Duryea v Wilson*, supra.

GROUND 3 - Mr C was not in default in the first place. Under CR 60(b)(1) & pursuant to *Laurette v. Martinez*, 71 WnApp 69 (1993) the default order & judgment must be vacated because the original petition to modify lacks a sufficient factual basis to support the relief requested. Accord, *Kaye v. Lower, et al Inc.*, 158 WnApp 320 (2010). Mr C is entitled to have the default judgment vacated as a matter of right. See *Duryea*.

GROUND 4 - The 2001 court lacked inherent power to impose an \$117450 per month child support obligation against Mr C. The court did not comply with the Washington State Child Support Schedule (WSCSS), rendering the default order/judgment void under CR 60(b)(5). The court awarded relief that Mrs C-R was not entitled to receive under the WSCSS. Mr C is entitled to have the 2001 default judgment vacated as a matter of right. See Dreyea.

GROUND 5 - The 2001 default order/judgment must be vacated under CR 60(b)(4) because Mrs C-R improperly obtained the money judgment amount of \$117450 per month through the use of fraud by misrepresenting & withholding material facts regarding her income, assets and marital community. Mr C is entitled to have the 2001 default order/judgment vacated as a matter of right. See Dreyea.

The record and the case law is clear. The trial court failed to comply w/Burnet & Lawson and thus, had no authority under CR 37 to find Mr C in default.

Further, the detective worksheets and the courts failure to comply with the WSCSS rendered the court w/o authority to impose child support against Mr C.

Mr C did not receive due process when the default judgment was entered, and has not received due process in getting the above grounds 1-5 heard and determined in the court that entered default.

This Court should enforce the holding & principles established in Tiffin v. Hendricks requiring the trial court to determine whether Mr C was actually in default in 2001. If not, Mr C is entitled to have the default set aside as a matter of right.

Respectfully submitted this 5<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2015.

  
RICHARD CASE  
Appellant/Petitioner - Pro Se

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE / MAILING  
[GENERAL RULE 3.1 (a)]

I, RICHARD CASE, #896282 hereby certify that on Oct. 22, 2015 I received the Answers from Respondent and have filed my REPLY per GR 3.1 (a) on Nov. 5<sup>th</sup>, 2015 rendering it timely filed as within 15 days of receipt as required under RAP 13.4 (d).

Printed LEGAC MAIL log # 2222, dated Nov. 5, 2015

Mailed via US Postal Service to:

Washington State Supreme Court  
Olympia, WA

Mr. Mark T. Patterson II  
Atty for Respondent  
P.O. Box 79  
Everett, WA 98204

Executed this 5<sup>th</sup> day of November, 2015 @ Attorney Heights, WA.

  
RICHARD CASE, #896282  
Appellant/Petitioner - Pro Se

**ATTACHMENT** \_\_\_\_\_

# **Exhibit A**

FILED

2015 FEB 11 PM 12:44

SONYA KRASKI  
COUNTY CLERK  
SNOHOMISH CO. WASH

(Form 1)

Superior Court of Washington  
County of Snohomish

In re: Marriage of:

TINA M. CASE, nka Rowley Petitioner,  
and  
RICHARD A. CASE, Respondent.

No. 85-3-02405-4

Order to Show Cause  
(ORTSC)

Clerk's Action Required

The court does find: that the record lacks written findings as required under Burnet; the record lacks proof as required under Lawson that discovery sought was material; incomplete WSCSS worksheets render the petition w/o a sufficient factual basis; and the record lacks findings & verification as required under the WSCSS.

Therefore, it is Ordered:

That Mrs Rowley, or Atty of record [Name] shall appear in person before this court at the place and time below and show cause why the relief requested in the motion to Show Cause & Vacate Default Judgment / Order(s) [Name of motion] should not be granted.

Date: March 6, 2015

Time: 10:30

10:30  
a.m.

Place: Snohomish County Superior Court Room/Department: B6C, as assigned

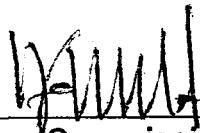
DEPT A

If you disagree with any part of the motion, you must respond to the motion in writing before the hearing and by the deadline for your county. At the hearing, the court will consider *Written* sworn affidavits or declarations. Oral testimony may *Not* be allowed. To respond, you must: (1) file your documents with the court; (2) provide a copy of those documents to the judge or commissioner's staff; (3) serve the other party's attorney with copies of your documents (or have the other party served if that party does not have an attorney); and (4) complete your filing and service of documents within the time period required by the local court rules in effect in your county. If you need more information, you are advised to consult an attorney or a courthouse facilitator.

*If you fail to appear in person, the court may grant the relief requested in the motion.*

FEB 11 2015

Dated:



Judge/Commissioner

Presented by:

Signature of Moving Party or Lawyer/WSBA No.

RICHARD CASE, Pro Se  
Print or Type Name

FILED

2015 FEB 11 PM 12:44

SONYA KRASKI  
COUNTY CLERK  
SNOHOMISH CO. WASH

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Superior Court of Washington  
County of SNOHOMISH

In re: Marriage of

TINA M. CASE, nka Rowley  
Petitioner(s),

and

RICHARD A. CASE,  
Respondent(s).

No. 85-3-02405-4

Declaration of

RICHARD CASE

[Name]

(Optional Use)

(DCLR)

This declaration is made by:

Name: RICHARD CASE, (Mr. C.)

Age: 52

Relationship to the parties in this action:

Ex-husband to TINA ROWLEY

I Declare:

On Dec 21, 2001 this Honorable Court heard Mrs C-R's motion for default & to strike Mr C's Response. (Sub # 43 & 35) The court granted the motion (#46), but did no written findings. We are entitled to show that the court performed the sanction analysis as required by Burnet. The record is insufficient to support the entry of default under Rule 37.

The court also ordered that Mr C's Response be stricken from the record. (Sub #46) However, Mrs C-R offered no evidence to prove that the discovery

Declaration (DCLR);

WPF DRPSCU 01.0100 (6/2006) - Page 1 of 2

1 sought would contradict the income/unemployment facts submitted by Mr.C.  
2 (#35) The court erred by relying upon an unsubstantiated presumption of fact  
3 to sanction Mr.C., & strike his pleading. (#40) The court did not find that the  
4 discovery sought by Mrs.C.R. was material as required by lawson before imposing  
Sanction(s).

5 The petition to modify, submitted by Mrs.C.R. (sub#31) relied upon WSCSS  
6 worksheet, (Ex-A, #31) as the factual basis in support of requested relief  
7 (\$174<sup>50</sup> per month). Id. The worksheets are facially incomplete lacking relevant  
8 income & asset / marital community info. Also, there is no proof in the record to  
9 verify the \$66.67 education expense in worksheet. Mrs.C.R.'s factual basis is  
10 insufficient under the WSCSS to support requested relief of \$174<sup>50</sup> per month support.

11 The record includes no written findings to demonstrate that the court followed  
12 the WSCSS to impute income to Mr.C., to verify education expense, or to deviate  
13 from the standard calculation. The courts order violates the WSCSS. (Sub#47)

14 Mrs.C.R. failed to disclose required income/asset info. Mrs.C.R used fraud.  
(Attach Additional Pages if Necessary and Number Them.) (Please see MEMO & Declaration)

15 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that the foregoing is  
true and correct.

16 Signed at Airway Heights, [City] Wa [State] on Jan. 15, 2015 [Date].

17 Signature of Declarant

Pro Se

RICHARD CASE

Print or Type Name

18 Do not attach financial records, personal health care records or confidential reports to this  
declaration. Such records should be served on the other party and filed with the court using one  
19 of these cover sheets:

- 20 1) Sealed Financial Source Documents (WPF DRPSCU 09.0220) for financial records
- 21 2) Sealed Personal Health Care Records (WPF DRPSCU 09.0260) for health records
- 22 3) Sealed Confidential Report (WPF DRPSCU 09.270) for confidential reports

If filed separately using a cover sheet, the records will be sealed to protect your privacy (although  
they will be available to all parties in the case, their attorneys, court personnel and certain state  
agencies and boards.) See GR 22(C)(2).

## **Exhibit B**

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2 (Form 2)  
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**Superior Court of Washington  
County of SNOHOMISH**

In re: Marriage of:

TINA A. CASE, nka Rowley

Petitioner(s),

and

RICHARD A. CASE

Respondent(s).

No. 85-3-02405-4

**Motion for Order to Show  
Cause and Order to Vacate  
Judgment/Order  
(MT)**

**I. Relief Requested**

Respondent, RICHARD CASE, pro se [You name] respectfully moves the court for the following: (1) an Order to Show cause requiring Mrs Rowley [Opposing Party's name] to appear and show cause why the court should not grant Respondent's Motion to Vacate Judgment/Order and (2) an Order vacating the Judgment/Order(s) dated 12-21-2001 [insert date of Order].

**II. Statement of Facts/Statement of Grounds**

[Clearly and briefly state the facts upon which you base your case. Print or type.]

I am asking the Court to vacate the following Order(s) or parts of Order(s):

ORDER STRIKING Pleadings AND ORDER OF DEFAULT (sub# 46)

ORDER ON MODIFICATION OF CHILD SUPPORT (sub#47)

ORDER FOR SUPPORT & SETTING ATTY FEES (sub# 48)

JUDGMENT (sub#48) (Please see court file)

1       The Order(s) to be vacated were entered on Dec 21, 2001. The Order(s) should be vacated  
2 because (state facts relevant to your motion):

3       **Ground 1 -**

4       Pursuant to Marina & Rivers the 2001 default judgment/orders are invalid & must  
5       be vacated as void, because the record & order granting default shows that the 2001  
6       court failed to make a sufficient record as required under Burnet to support  
7       entry of default as discovery sanction under Rule 37;

8       **Ground 2 -**

9       Pursuant to Lawson the 2001 default order is void because the record lacks  
10      any evidence that Mrs CR provided proof that the discovery sought was  
11      material. Failure to comply w/Burnet & Lawson renders the entry of default  
12      made in violation of due process of law;

13       **Ground 3 -**

14       Pursuant to Coonette & Kaye the 2001 default judgment/order must be vacated  
15      because the action lacks a sufficient factual basis to support the relief  
16      requested. The incomplete worksheet, and no verification in the record to prove  
17      education expense fails to state a claim under the WSCSS;

18       **Ground 4 -**

19       The 2001 court did not comply with the WSCSS rendering court without  
20      power to order Mr C to pay child support under the WSCSS.

21       **Ground 5 -**

22       Mrs CR improperly obtained the money judgment through the use of fraud  
23      by misrepresenting & withholding material facts regarding her income, assets and  
24      marital community. (Please see Memorandum & Declaration incorporated by  
25      reference herein)

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that the foregoing is true and correct.

Signed at Airway Heights, [City] WA [State] on Jan 14, 2015 [Date].

Pro Se

Signature of Moving Party or Lawyer/WSBA No.

RICHARD A. CASE

Print or Type Name

### III. Statement of Issues

1 [Clearly and briefly state the legal issues you want the court to decide. Print or type.]

2 Should the Court Vacate the Judgment/Order(s) Under Civil Rule 60 [state specific basis under the  
3 rule]?

4 [If you are seeking to vacate on more than one ground under the Civil Rule, state each issue separately]

5 Did the court comply w/Burnet?; Does the record include any proof as required  
under Larson to support a presumption that the discovery was material?

6 Does incomplete worksheets & lack of verification in record to support alleged  
education expenses leave an action w/o sufficient factual basis to support  
the relief requested? Did the court comply with the WSCSS?

7 Did Mrs C-R commit fraud, or misconduct, or negligent misrepresentation?

#### IV. Evidence Relied Upon

11 [Clearly identify the evidence you want the judge to consider with your motion. Print or type.]

- 12 1. Records and Pleadings in the Court file
- 13 2. Declaration by: Mr.C - DUCHEZ CASE [writer's name]
- 14 3. Declaration by: \_\_\_\_\_ [writer's name]

#### V. Legal Authority/Argument

15 [Cite the legal authority you rely upon. Print or type.]

16 Motion to Vacate Judgment Order(s) is made pursuant to one or more of the following:

- 17  Civil Rule 60(a): Clerical mistake(s) in the Judgment, Order, or other parts of the record;
- 18  Civil Rule 60(b)(1): Mistake, inadvertence, surprise, excusable neglect or irregularity in obtaining the  
19 Judgment/Order;
- 20  Civil Rule 60(b)(2): Erroneous proceedings against a minor or person of unsound mind and the  
21 condition of the defendant/respondent did not appear in the record nor was the error discovered  
22 during proceedings;

- 1     Civil Rule 60(b)(3): Newly discovered evidence which by due diligence could not have been  
2        discovered in time to move for a new trial under CR 59(b);  
3     Civil Rule 60(b)(4): Fraud, misrepresentation or other misconduct of an adverse party;  
4     Civil Rule 60(b)(5): The Judgment/Order is void;  
5     Civil Rule 60(b)(6): The judgment has been satisfied, released, or discharged, or a prior judgment  
6        upon which it is based has been reversed or otherwise vacated, or it is no longer equitable that the  
7        judgment should have prospective application;  
8     Civil Rule 60(b)(7): If the defendant was served by publication, relief may be granted as prescribed in  
9        RCW 4.28.200;  
10     Civil Rule 60(b)(8): Death of one of the parties before the Judgment in the action;  
11     Civil Rule 60(b)(9): Unavoidable casualty or misfortune preventing the party from prosecuting or  
12        defending;  
13     Civil Rule 60(b)(10): Error in judgment shown by a minor, within 12 months after arriving at full age;  
14     Civil Rule 60(b)(11): Any other reason justifying relief from the operation of the judgment;  
15     [Any other relevant legal authority: specify]

16                  Please see MEMORANDUM OF LAW - Attached!  
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## 23                  VI. Proposed Order

- 24     A proposed Order accompanies this motion.

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4 Respectfully Submitted,  
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Date: January 14, 2015

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14 Notice to party: You may list an address that is not  
15 your residential address where you agree to accept  
16 legal documents. Any time this address changes while  
17 this action is pending, you must notify the opposing  
18 parties in writing and file an updated Confidential  
19 Information Form (WPF DRPSCU 09.0200) with the  
20 court clerk.  
21  
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 Pro Se

25 Signature of Moving Party or Lawyer/WSBA No.

RICHARD CASE, #896282

Print or type name

Airway Heights Corrections Center  
Address P.O. Box 2049/MA-47L  
Airway Heights, WA 99341-2049

Received  
Washington State Supreme Court

(Form 3)

NOV - 9 2015

Ronald R. Carpenter  
Clerk

Superior Court of Washington  
County of SNOHOMISH

In re: Marriage of:

TINA M. CASE, nka Rowley  
Petitioner(s),  
and

RICHARD A. CASE,  
Respondent(s).

No. 85-3-02405-4

Declaration of  
RICHARD CASE  
[Name]  
(Optional Use)  
(DCLR)

This declaration is made by:

Name: RICHARD CASE, (Mr C)

Age: 52

Relationship to the parties in this action:

Ex-husband! to TINA ROWLEY

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On Dec. 21, 2001 this Honorable Court heard Mrs C-R's motion for default & to strike Mr C Response. (sub # 43 & 35) The court granted the motion (#46) but no written findings were entered to show that the court performed the sanction analysis as required by Burnet. The record is insufficient to support the entry of default under Rule 37.

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Declaration (DCLR);

WPF DRPSCU 01.0100 (6/2006) - Page 1 of 2

1 would contradict the ~~income~~ unemployment facts submitted by Mr. C.  
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imposing sanction(s).

The petition to modify submitted by Mrs C-R (sub#31) relied upon WSCSS  
worksheets (Ex-4, #31) as the factual basis in support of requested relief  
(\$1174<sup>\$0</sup> per month). The worksheets are factually incomplete (lacking relevant income &  
assets/mental community info). Also, there is no proof in the record to verify the  
\$1646.67 education expense in worksheet. Mrs C-R's factual basis is insufficient under the  
WSCSS to support requested relief of \$1174<sup>\$0</sup> per month support. The record includes no  
written findings to demonstrate that the court followed the WSCSS to impute income  
to Mr C.; to verify education expense, or to deviate from the standard calculation.  
The court's order violates the WSCSS. (sub#47) Mrs C-R failed to disclose required  
income/assets info. Mrs C-R used fraud.

(Attach Additional Pages if Necessary and Number Them.) (Please see Memo & Declaration)

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that the foregoing is  
true and correct.

Signed at Armen Hough Jr., [City] WA [State] on Jun 15, 2015 [Date].

  
Signature of Declarant

Pro Se

RICHARD CASE

Print or Type Name

Do not attach financial records, personal health care records or confidential reports to this  
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- 1) Sealed Financial Source Documents (WPF DRPSCU 09.0220) for financial records
- 2) Sealed Personal Health Care Records (WPF DRPSCU 09.0260) for health records
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